# EVALUATING THE ROLE OF GREEN SUPPLY CHAIN PRACTICES IN IMPROVING OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF INDIAN MANUFACTURING FIRMS

#### Background and Objectives:

With growing environmental concerns and increasing regulatory pressures, manufacturing firms in India are under rising scrutiny to implement sustainable practices. Green Supply Chain Management (GSCM) has emerged as a strategic approach integrating environmental thinking into supply chain activities such as procurement, production, and distribution. However, the impact of such initiatives on operational performance in the Indian context remains understudied.

## Objectives:

- To identify the extent of adoption of green supply chain practices among Indian manufacturing firms.
- To assess the relationship between green practices and key operational performance indicators (e.g., cost efficiency, delivery speed, inventory turnover).
- To recommend practical steps for firms to balance sustainability and operational excellence.

#### Research Questions:

- 1. What types of green supply chain practices are most commonly implemented in Indian manufacturing firms?
- 2. Is there a statistically significant relationship between the level of GSCM implementation and operational performance?
- 3. What are the primary barriers and enablers in adopting green practices?

#### Hypotheses:

- **H1:** Adoption of green procurement practices is positively associated with operational efficiency.
- **H2:** Internal environmental training and awareness lead to better resource utilization.

• **H3:** Firms with higher levels of GSCM integration experience better inventory turnover and delivery reliability.

#### Methodology:

- Research Design: Quantitative, cross-sectional survey-based analysis
- **Sampling:** 85 mid-sized manufacturing firms across Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, and Gujarat
- **Data Collection:** Structured questionnaire distributed to operations/supply chain managers
- Variables:
  - o Independent: Green procurement, eco-friendly packaging, reverse logistics, energy-efficient production
  - o Dependent: Cost reduction, delivery speed, inventory turnover, defect rate
- Data Analysis Tool: SPSS
- Tests Conducted:
  - Descriptive statistics for profiling
  - o Pearson correlation for relationship testing
  - o Multiple regression analysis for hypothesis validation

# Results and Interpretations (Simulated):

- Descriptive Findings:
  - o 72% of firms reported adopting at least two green practices.
  - o Reverse logistics adoption remained low (34%).
- Correlational Findings:
  - Strong positive correlation between green procurement and cost efficiency (r = 0.62, p < 0.01).
  - Moderate correlation between energy-efficient processes and delivery speed (r = 0.49, p < 0.05).
- Regression Findings:

- Green procurement significantly predicted operational performance ( $\beta$  = 0.51, p < 0.01).
- o Lack of top management support and cost concerns were cited as key barriers.

### Conclusion and Managerial Implications:

The study confirms a positive impact of green supply chain practices on operational performance. Particularly, firms that invest in green procurement and energy-efficient processes achieve better cost control and delivery reliability. Managers should integrate sustainability KPIs into vendor selection, employee training, and process design. Moreover, firms can view GSCM not just as a compliance measure but as a strategic tool for competitive advantage.

#### Future Research Scope:

- Comparative studies across sectors (e.g., textiles vs automotive).
- Longitudinal tracking of green KPIs and firm performance over 5–10 years.
- Case studies on successful GSCM implementations to develop best practice frameworks.
- Exploring digital enablers such as IoT and blockchain for sustainable supply chains.

#### Academic and Corporate Relevance:

- Academic: Suitable for coursework in Operations Management, Sustainability in Business, and Industrial Strategy.
- Corporate: Useful for supply chain managers, sustainability officers, and consultants focused on ESG (Environmental, Social, Governance) compliance and performance improvement.